Meta Definitions For Verbs

Defining Verbs with a Metalinguistic Focus

By: Karen Dudek-Brannan, Ed.D. CCC-SLP

Definition Formats for Verbs

The term "target word" in the following formats designates the words you are aiming to define.

Format 1: (Target Word) means to (Synonym)

For your synonym, you can use an individual word, such as these two examples:

"Comprehend means to understand."

It is also appropriate to use a synonymous verb phrase in the "synonym" field, such as:

"Applaud means to clap your hands."

Format 2: (Target Word) means to (Synonym + Adverb)

You may need to add and adverb or adverbial phrase after your synonym. Here are some examples with adverbs:

"Sprint means to run fast."

(synonymous verbs=run, walk; adverbs=fast, slowly)

Your synonym or synonymous verb phrase may also require an adverbial phrase. Here are examples:

"Nodding means to shake your head **up and down**."

(synonymous verb phrases="shake your head", "propel yourself"; adverbial phrases="up and down", "through the water")

[&]quot;Speak means to talk."

[&]quot;Illustrate means to create pictures."

[&]quot;Stroll means to walk slowly."

[&]quot;Swimming means to propel yourself **through the water**.

Quick Rules for Meta Definitions

- Use the following templates to model and teach definitions of verbs. You can use them as printable worksheets or laminate them for repeated use.
- This format can be used for many different verbs, from common to vivid.
- It is possible to compose a correct definition without explicitly using the preposition to, such as in the sentence, "Sprinting means you're running fast". These types of responses are acceptable.
- Other formats for defining verbs exist; these templates provide one method helpful for teaching individuals the necessary information needed to define words.

